

Subject: Maths

Class:9

Topic: Ch.14 Statistics

### Practice Exercise 14.3

1. A survey conducted by an organisation for the cause of illness and death among the women between the ages 15 – 44 (in years) worldwide, found the following figures (in %) :

S. No.	Causes	Female fatality rate (%)
1.	Reproductive health conditions	31.8
2.	Neuropsychiatric conditions	25.4
3.	Injuries	12.4
4.	Cardiovascular conditions	4.3
5.	Respiratory conditions	4.1
6.	Other causes	22.0

- (i) Represent the information given above graphically.  
(ii) Which condition is the major cause of women's ill health and death world-wide ?  
(iii) Try to find out, with the help of your teacher, any two factors which play a major role in the cause in (ii) above being the major cause.
2. The following data on the number of girls (to the nearest ten) per thousand boys in different sections of Indian society is given below :

Section	Number of girls per thousand boys
Scheduled Caste (SC)	940
Scheduled Tribe (ST)	970
Non SC/ST	920
Backward districts	950
Non-backward districts	920
Rural	930
Urban	910

- (i) Represent the information above by a bar graph.  
(ii) In the classroom discuss what conclusions can be arrived at from the graph.
3. Given below are the seats won by different political parties in the polling outcome of a state assembly elections :

Political Party	A	B	C	D	E	F
Seats Won	75	55	37	29	10	37

- (i) Draw a bar graph to represent the polling results.  
(ii) Which political party won the maximum number of seats?  
4. The length of 40 leaves of a plant are measured correct to one millimetre, and the obtained data is represented in the following table :

Length (in mm)	Number of leaves
118 – 126	3
127 – 135	5
136 – 144	9
145 – 153	12
154 – 162	5
163 – 171	4
172 – 180	2

- (i) Draw a histogram to represent the given data.  
(ii) Is there any other suitable graphical representation for the same data?

- (iii) Is it correct to conclude that the maximum number of leaves are 153 mm long? Why?

5. The following table gives the life times of 400 neon lamps :

Life time (in hours)	Number of lamps
300 – 400	14
400 – 500	56
500 – 600	60
600 – 700	86
700 – 800	74
800 – 900	62
900 – 1000	48

- (i) Represent the given information with the help of a histogram.  
(ii) How many lamps have a life time of more than 700 hours?

6. The following table gives the distribution of students of two sections according to the marks obtained by them :

Section A		Section B	
Marks	Frequency	Marks	Frequency
0 – 10	3	0 – 10	5
10 – 20	9	10 – 20	19
20 – 30	17	20 – 30	15
30 – 40	12	30 – 40	10
40 – 50	9	40 – 50	1

Represent the marks of the students of both the sections on the same graph by two frequency polygons. From the two polygons compare the performance of the two sections.

7. The runs scored by two teams A and B on the first 60 balls in a cricket match are given below :

Number of balls	Team A	Team B
1 – 6	2	5
7 – 12	1	6
13 – 18	8	2
19 – 24	9	10
25 – 30	4	5
31 – 36	5	6
37 – 42	6	3
43 – 48	10	4
49 – 54	6	8
55 – 60	2	10

Represent the data of both the teams on the same graph by frequency polygons.

Length (in mm)	Number of leaves
118 – 126	3
127 – 135	5
136 – 144	9
145 – 153	12
154 – 162	5
163 – 171	4
172 – 180	2

8. A random survey of the number of children of various age groups playing in a park was found as follows :

Age (in years)	Number of children
1 – 2	5
2 – 3	3
3 – 5	6
5 – 7	12
7 – 10	9
10 – 15	10
15 – 17	4

- Draw a histogram to represent the data above.  
9. 100 surnames were randomly picked up from a local telephone directory and a frequency distribution of

the number of letters in the English alphabet in the surnames was found as follows :

Number of letters	Number of surnames
1 – 4	6
4 – 6	30
6 – 8	44
8 – 12	16
12 – 20	4

- (i) Draw a histogram to depict the given information.  
(ii) Write the class interval in which the maximum number of surnames lie.

